

EXPRESS MAIL CERTIFICATE

DOCKET NO. : 1819/100171

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Gordon S. Valentine

TITLE : A METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ASSESSING
REMANUFACTURABILITY OF AN APPARATUS

Certificate is attached to the **Informal Drawings (22 pages)** of the
above-named application.

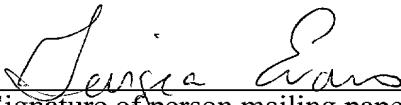
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(Signature of person mailing paper or fee)

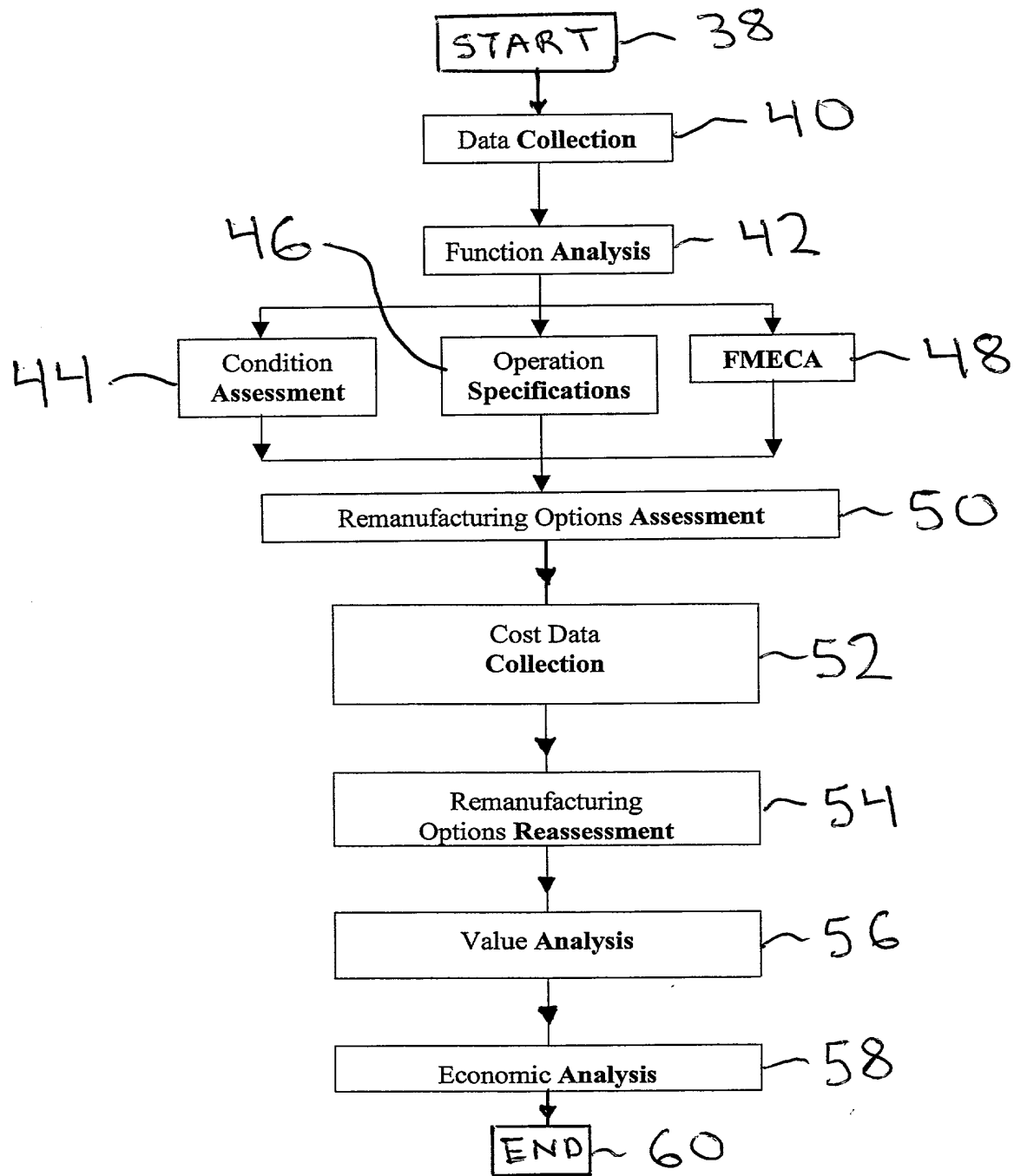


FIG. 2

Data Availability Matrix

System Hierarchy	Failure log	Manuals	System Map/Drawings	Function definition	OEM specs	Customer specs	Technology upgrade	Condition Assessment	New Cost (\$)	Data Missing (Count)	Percent of data
MECHANICAL										1017	52%
Propulsion										186	38%
Drive MTU (port)											
Mounting	x	x	x	•	x	x	x	•	A		
Remote control from the bridge			•	•	x			•	A		
Enclosed operator space controls			•	•	x			•	A		
Local controls			•	•	x			•	A		
Exhaust		x	x	•	x			•	A		
Ignition			x	•				•	A		
Air intake		x	x	•	x			•	A		
Reduction gearing			x	•	•			•	A		
Water seal		x	•	•				•	A		
Drive shaft		x	•	•				•	A		
Turbocharger				•				•	A		
Salt water cooling		x		•				•	A		
Fuel oil system		x		•	•			•	A		
Engine coolant pre-heater		•	•	•	•			•	A		
Drive MTU internal air compressor				•				•	A		
Hydraulics				•				•	A		
Engine block components		x		•				•	A		
Drive MTU (starboard)											
Mounting	x	x	x	•	x	x	x	•	A		
Remote control from the bridge			•	•	x			•	A		
Enclosed operator space controls			•	•	x			•	A		
Local controls			•	•	x			•	A		
Exhaust		x	x	•	x			•	A		
Ignition			x	•				•	A		
Air intake		x	x	•	x			•	A		
Reduction gearing			x	•	•			•	A		
Water seal		x	•	•				•	A		
Drive shaft		x	•	•				•	A		
Turbocharger				•				•	A		
Salt water cooling		x		•				•	A		
Fuel oil system		x		•	•			•	A		
Engine coolant pre-heater		•	•	•	•			•	A		
Drive MTU internal air compressor				•				•	A		
Hydraulics				•				•	A		
Engine block components		x		•				•	A		
KaMeWa jet (port)											
Hydraulic powerpack			•	•				•	A		
Hydraulic lines		x	•	•				•	A		
Electric heater		x	x	•				•	A		
Jet nozzle		•	•	•				•	A		
Jet pump		•	•	•				•	A		
KaMeWa jet (starboard)											
Hydraulic powerpack			•	•				•	A		
Hydraulic lines		x	•	•				•	A		

FIG. 3

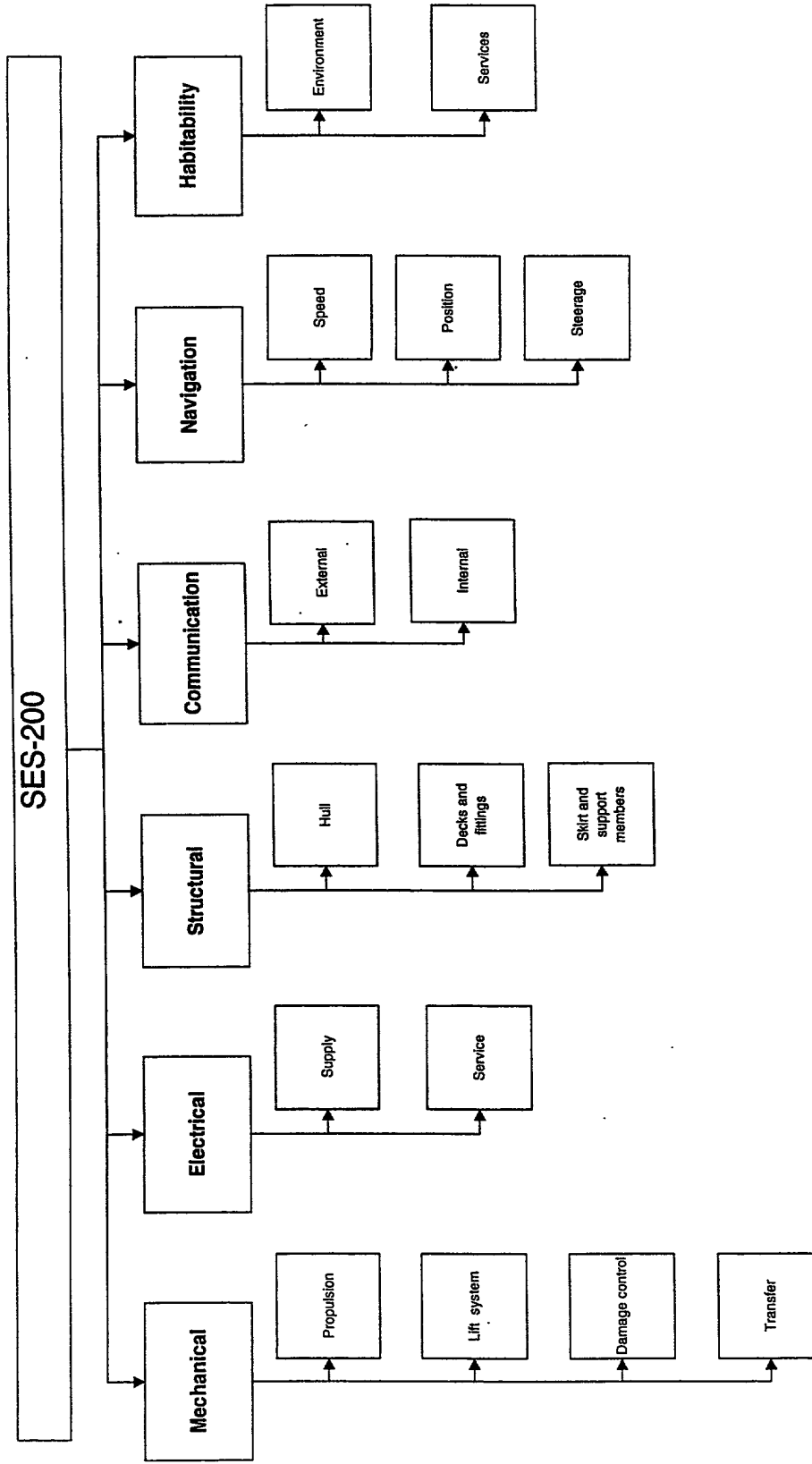


FIG. 4

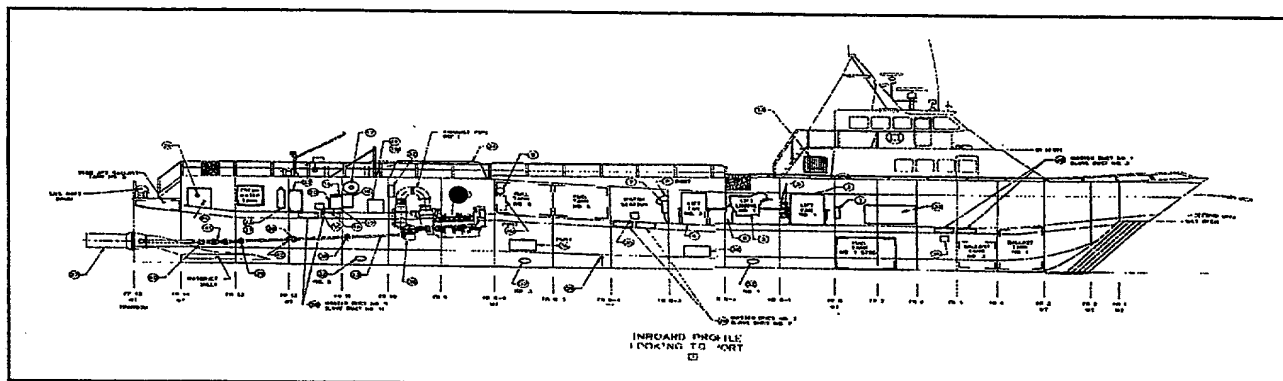
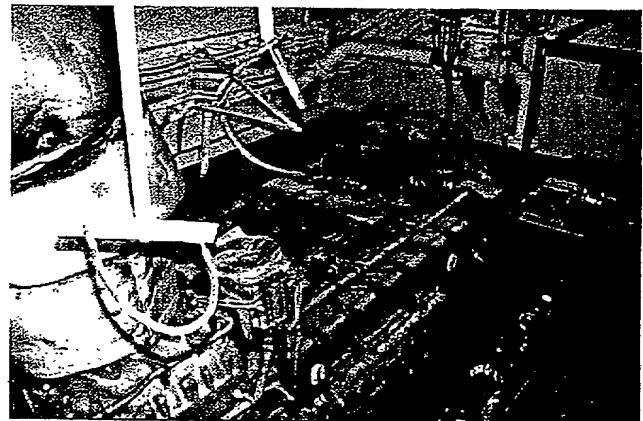
Function Matrix

System	Subsystem	Element	Primary Function	Secondary function
MECHANICAL				
Propulsion	Drive MTU (port)	Mounting	Deliver torque to port KaMeWa waterjet pump	
		Remote control from the bridge	Secure engine to ship framing to prevent movement and vibration	
		Enclosed operator space controls	Provide means to control engine from bridge for navigation purposes	
		Local controls	Provide for centralized monitoring and control of engines	
		Exhaust	Provide local control of engine functions	
		Ignition	Exhaust combustion gases to exterior of ship	
		Air intake	Provide means for engine start-up	
		Reduction gearing	Transfer air to engine for combustion	
		Water seal	Reduce RPMs to KMW jets to prevent cavitation	
		Turbocharger	Provides seal between drive shaft and bulkhead	
		Salt water cooling	Transfer power from engine to KaMeWa waterjet pump (port)	
		Fuel oil system	Boost engine power	Interface with salt water cooling transfer system
	Drive MTU (starboard)	Engine coolant pre-heater	Provide fuel oil to engine	Interface with fuel oil transfer system
		Drive MTU internal air compressor	Heat engine coolant during extreme weather to prevent freezing	
		Hydraulics	Provide compressed air for engine functions	
		Engine block components	Provide hydraulic pressure boost for KaMeWa hydraulic pack	
		Mounting	Convert chemical energy (fuel oil) to mechanical energy	Serve as auxiliary source to main hydraulic system
		Remote control from the bridge	Deliver torque to starboard KaMeWa waterjet pump	
		Enclosed operator space controls	Secure engine to ship framing to prevent movement and vibration	
		Local controls	Provide means to control engine from bridge for navigation purposes	
		Exhaust	Provide for centralized monitoring and control of engines	
		Ignition	Provide local control of engine functions	
		Air intake	Exhaust combustion gases to exterior of ship	
		Reduction gearing	Provide means for engine start-up	
KaMeWa jet (port)	KaMeWa jet (port)	Water seal	Transfer air to engine for combustion	
		Drive shaft	Reduce RPMs to KMW jets to prevent cavitation	
		Turbocharger	Provides seal between drive shaft and bulkhead	
		Salt water cooling	Transfer power from engine to KaMeWa waterjet pump (starboard)	
		Fuel oil system	Boost engine power	Interface with salt water cooling transfer system
		Engine coolant pre-heater	Provide fuel oil to engine	Interface with fuel oil transfer system
		Drive MTU internal air compressor	Heat engine coolant during extreme weather to prevent freezing	
		Hydraulics	Provide compressed air for engine functions	Serve as auxiliary source to main hydraulic system
		Engine block components	Provide hydraulic pressure for engine functions	Serve as auxiliary source to main hydraulic system
		Hydraulic powerpack	Convert chemical energy (fuel oil) to mechanical energy	
		Hydraulic lines	Convert torque supplied by port drive engine to propulsive force	
		Electric heater	Transfer hydraulic pressure for waterjet manipulation	
	KaMeWa jet (starboard)	Jet nozzle	Provide hydraulic pressure from powerpack to waterjet	Serve as auxiliary source to main hydraulic system
		Jet pump	Maintain ambient temperature around jets	
		Hydraulic powerpack	Provide means of directing waterflow for steering/reversing	
		Hydraulic lines	Output seawater under pressure to provide propulsive force	
		Electric heater	Convert torque supplied by starboard drive engine to propulsive force	
		Jet nozzle	Transfer hydraulic pressure from powerpack to waterjet	Serve as auxiliary source to main hydraulic system
		Jet pump	Maintain ambient temperature around jets	
		Hydraulic powerpack	Provide means of directing waterflow for steering/reversing	
		Hydraulic lines	Output seawater under pressure to provide propulsive force	
		Electric heater	Convert torque supplied by starboard drive engine to propulsive force	
		Jet nozzle	Transfer hydraulic pressure from powerpack to waterjet	
		Jet pump	Maintain ambient temperature around jets	

FIG. 5

Condition Assessment Data Sheet

ESWBS
23310
Function Group
MECHANICAL
System
Propulsion
Sub-system
Drive MTU
Item description
Drive MTU port



Frame location:		Ship location:	
8-6 to 8-10		(11) Port	
Manufacturer:	Model #:	Part #:	Serial #:
MTU	MTU 16V-396 TB94	N/A	559-0477

Condition:

Mounting, Remote control from the bridge, Enclosed operator space controls , Local controls, Exhaust, Ignition, Air intake, Reduction gearing, Water seal, Drive shaft, Turbocharger, Salt water cooling, Fuel oil system, Engine coolant pre-heater, Aux drive MTU air compressor, Hydraulics, Engine block components, *Operating hours meter = 1930.68 hrs *Turbo rusted *Slight corrosion or other surface damage *Air intakes missing *Water buildup in drive shaft compartment *Coolant manifold severely cracked * Large coupling on drive shaft (FR 13) corroded *Wt. = 6685 kg *2560 kW *2150 RPM *Sea water cooling fitting to reduction gear cracked *See detailed report from Florida Detroit Diesel-MTU for more information

FIG. 6

Condition Assessment Matrix

System Hierarchy															Physical Condition												Overall Condition			
															Seized/ Frozen	Light Corrosion	Severe Corrosion	Excessive Wear	Oil Leakage	Fuel Leakage	Water Seepage	Parts Missing	Dis- connected	Fractured/ Cracked	Ruptured	Poor	Fair	Good		
MECHANICAL																														
Propulsion																														
Drive MTU (port)																														
Mounting																														
Remote control from the bridge																														
Enclosed operator space controls																														
Local controls																														
Exhaust																														
Ignition																														
Air intake																														
Reduction gearing																														
Water seal																														
Drive shaft																														
Turbocharger																														
Salt water cooling																														
Fuel oil system																														
Engine coolant pre-heater																														
Drive MTU internal air compressor																														
Hydraulics																														
Engine block components																														
Drive MTU (starboard)																														
Mounting																														
Remote control from the bridge																														
Enclosed operator space controls																														
Local controls																														
Exhaust																														
Ignition																														
Air intake																														
Reduction gearing																														
Water seal																														
Drive shaft																														

FIG. 7

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Failure Modes, Effects, and Criticality Analysis (FMECA)

System	Subsystem	Function	Failure Modes	Cause
	Drive MTU	Deliver torque to KaMeWa waterjet pump		
		Secure engine to ship framing to prevent movement and vibration	Mounting fails	Wear
				Corrosion
				Manufacturer's defect
		Provide means to control engine from bridge for navigation purposes	Remote control from the bridge fails	Power Failure
				Circuit Interruption
		Provide for centralized monitoring and control of engines	Enclosed operator space controls fail	Power Failure
				Circuit Interruption
		Provide local control of engine functions	Local controls fail	Power Failure
				Circuit Interruption
		Expel combustion gases to exterior of ship	Exhaust fails	Obstruction
				Faulty Seal
				Damaged Piping
		Provide means for engine start-up	Ignition fails	Air System Failure
				Power Failure
				Circuit Interruption
		Transfer air to engine for combustion	Air intake fails	Obstruction
		Reduce RPMs to KMW jets to prevent cavitation	Reduction gear fails	Wear
				Corrosion
				Insufficient Lubrication
				Manufacturer's defect
		Transfer power from engine to KaMeWa waterjet pump (port)	Drive shaft fails	Wear
				Corrosion
				Load
				Manufacturer's defect
		Provides seal between drive shaft and bulkhead	Water Seal leaks	Wear
				Manufacturer's defect
		Boost engine power	Turbocharger fails	Wear
				Corrosion
				Manufacturer's defect
		Provide cooling to engine, exhaust and reduction gearing	Salt water cooling fails	Wear
				Corrosion
				Manufacturer's defect
		Heat engine coolant during extreme weather to prevent freezing	Kim HotStart Engine Coolant Heater fails	Power Failure
				Electrical grounding

FIG. 9A

Failure Modes, Effects, and Criticality Analysis (FMECA)

Local Effect	Secondary Effect	Ultimate Effect	Detection	Sev.	Freq.	RPN
Excessive engine vibration/movement	Engine failure/drive train damage	Compromised propulsion to ship	Audible	7	3	21
Excessive engine vibration/movement	Engine failure/drive train damage	Compromised propulsion to ship	Audible	7	3	21
Excessive engine vibration/movement	Engine failure/drive train damage	Compromised propulsion to ship	Audible	7	2	14
Loss of engine control from bridge		Inability to remotely control engines	Operational Failure	4	3	12
Loss of engine control from bridge		Inability to remotely control engines	Operational Failure	4	5	20
System fails to respond to controls from ECR	Loss of remote control of engine (from bridge)	Compromised propulsion to ship	Operational Failure	6	3	18
System fails to respond to controls from ECR	Loss of remote control of engine (from bridge)	Compromised propulsion to ship	Operational Failure	6	3	18
Total loss of engine control	Runaway engine	Catastrophic damage to engine/potential loss of life	Audible	9	1	9
Total loss of engine control	Runaway engine	Catastrophic damage to engine/potential loss of life	Audible	9	1	9
Excessive backpressure	Stall engine	Compromised propulsion to ship	Gaging	6	1	6
Exhaust blow-by	Air quality in ship compromised	Health hazard	Gaging/Visual	9	4	36
Exhaust blow-by	Air quality in ship compromised	Health hazard	Gaging/Visual	9	4	36
Engine will not start		Compromised propulsion to ship	Operational Failure	7	4	28
Engine will not start		Compromised propulsion to ship	Operational Failure	7	4	28
Engine will not start		Compromised propulsion to ship	Operational Failure	7	4	28
Reduced airflow to engine	Improper combustion	Compromised propulsion to ship	Gaging	4	2	8
Gearbox/drive shaft damage	No power transmission to KaMeWa	Compromised propulsion to ship	Visual	6	4	24
Gearbox/drive shaft damage	No power transmission to KaMeWa	Compromised propulsion to ship	Visual	6	4	24
Gearbox/drive shaft damage	No power transmission to KaMeWa	Compromised propulsion to ship	Visual	6	5	30
Gearbox/drive shaft damage	No power transmission to KaMeWa	Compromised propulsion to ship	Visual	6	2	12
Bent/broken drive shaft	No power transmission to KaMeWa	Compromised propulsion to ship	Visual	6	4	24
Bent/broken drive shaft	No power transmission to KaMeWa	Compromised propulsion to ship	Visual	6	4	24
Bent/broken drive shaft	No power transmission to KaMeWa	Compromised propulsion to ship	Visual	6	5	30
Bent/broken drive shaft	No power transmission to KaMeWa	Compromised propulsion to ship	Visual	6	2	12
Seawater leakage	Ship's trim affected	Below deck water/flooding	Visual	7	4	28
Seawater leakage	Ship's trim affected	Below deck water/flooding	Visual	7	2	14
No boost	Decreased engine output	Reduction in engine efficiency	Gaging	3	4	12
No boost	Decreased engine output	Reduction in engine efficiency	Gaging	3	5	15
No boost	Decreased engine output	Reduction in engine efficiency	Gaging	3	2	6
Engine/Gearbox/Exhaust Overheats	Engine failure	Compromised propulsion to ship	Gaging	6	2	12
Engine/Gearbox/Exhaust Overheats	Engine failure	Compromised propulsion to ship	Gaging	6	3	18
Engine/Gearbox/Exhaust Overheats	Engine failure	Compromised propulsion to ship	Gaging	6	2	12
Inability to preheat coolant at start-up	Potential thermal stressing	Engine failure/thermal cracking of engine block	Gaging	7	3	21
Inability to preheat coolant at start-up	Potential thermal stressing	Engine failure/thermal cracking of engine block	Gaging	7	3	21

FIG. 9B

[illegible]FIG. 10

FIG. 10

Remanufacturing Options Matrix

Legend:

Identifies option as a "best" possible choice in the remanufacturing process



Identifies option as a possible choice in the remanufacturing process



Identifies option as not feasible in the remanufacturing process



System	Sub-system	Element	Modify	Restore	Reuse	Replace	Remove
PROPULSION							
Propulsion	Drive MTU (port)						
		Mounting					
		Remote control from the bridge					
		Enclosed operator space controls					
		Local controls					
		Exhaust					
		Ignition					
		Air intake					
		Reduction gearing					
		Water seal					
		Drive shaft					
		Turbocharger					
		Salt water cooling					
		Fuel oil system					
		Engine coolant pre-heater					
		Drive MTU internal air compressor					
		Hydraulics					
		Engine block components					
	Drive MTU (starboard)						
		Mounting					
		Remote control from the bridge					
		Enclosed operator space controls					
		Local controls					
		Exhaust					
		Ignition					

FIG. 11

SES Conversion Project Info-Base - [SES Conversion Project Info-Base]

File Edit View Insert Format Records Tools Window Help

Items Reports Administrative

SES 200

MECHANICAL

Propulsion

Main engine #2 (port)

Remote contr

Enclosed oper

Local controls

Exhaust

Ignition

Air intake

Turbocharger

Salt water cool

Fuel oil system

Engine coolan

Internal air cor

Engine block c

Main engine #1 (star

Remote contr

Enclosed oper

Local controls

Exhaust

Ignition

Air intake

Turbocharger

Salt water cool

Fuel oil system

Engine coolan

Internal air cor

Engine block c

KaMeWa jet (port)

KaMeWa jet (starb)

Reduction Gears (p

Water seal (port)

Driveshaft (port)

Main engine #2 (port) ID: 1405 go to Technical Feasibility

Reman Cost Calculations Summary Final Notes

Equipment

Manufacturer MTU

Part Number

Model 16V-396 TB94

Serial Number 559-0477

Reman Definitions

Option	Technical	Economic	Notes	Ref
Modify	Impractical	Impractical		
Remove	Impractical	Impractical		
Replace	Possible	Possible		1
Restore	Best	Best		2
Reuse	Impractical	Impractical		

Quantity 1 (all prices are based on quantity one)

Reman Option

Replace

Option Cost \$647,000.00

Installation Cost \$5,000.00

Shipping Cost \$0.00

Uninstall Cost \$5,000.00

Salvage Value \$150,000.00

Quote Type OEM

Company Name MTU Friedrichshafen w/ DC

Address1 1401 H. Street, N.W., Suite 700

Address2

City WASHINGTON

State DC Zip 20005

Contact Name Phil Wasinger

Referred By

Phone Number (+1.202) 414 6778

Fax Number (+1.202) 414 6773

Email phil_wasinger@daimlerwa

Replacement Part#

Source Reference Request for Quotation

Other Information

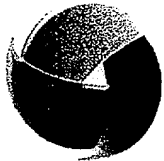
Responsible SGV

Option ID

The price quote is per engine and includes controls, monitoring systems and engine coolant pre-heater (\$607,000). Remove the current air inlet housing and move to side of hull or area behind the pilot house (\$40,000).

Record: 14 | 1 | 2 of 2

FIG. 12



SES-200 Conversion Project

Cost Availability Matrix

System Hierarchy										Main Contact	Data Missing (Count)	Percent of data
High Value											25	52%
Drive MTU Engines (2)										SGV		
Reduction gearing (2)										SGV		
Lift Engine Enclosed Operator Space Controls												
KaMeWa Waterjets (2)										SGV		
MTU Lift Engines (2)										SGV		
Firemain Pumps (2)										CJP		
Halon System										CJP		
Tanks (Fuel Oil -4, Ballast -6, Lube -1)										SGV		
KaMeWa Hydraulic Powerpacks (2)										SGV		
L/P Air Compressors port										AJM		
L/P Air Compressors starboard										AJM		
Seachests (6)										SGV		
Ship Service Diesel Generators (2)										SGV		
Electrical Wiring										SGV		
Switchboard Generator Control Panel										SGV		
Hull (Shell Plating, Stringers, Frames, Outlets) - drydock clean, paint, etc.										SGV		
Weather Deck										SGV		
Water Tight Doors (WTD's)										SGV		
Heads (latrines -4, sinks, piping, etc.)										SGV		

- * = Data not required
- = Data Collected
- = Need more information to proceed
- = Able to look for Reman costs
- = In the process of getting cost information
- = Need the Removal Cost
- = Done

FIG. 13

Option	Recovery	Economic	Notes	Ref
Modify	Impractical	Impractical		
Remove	Impractical	Impractical		
Replace	Possible	Possible		1
Restore	Best	Best		2
Reuse	Impractical	Impractical		

FIG. 14A

FIG. 14B

Option	Recovery	Economic	Notes	Ref
Modify	Impractical	Impractical		
Remove	Impractical	Impractical		
Replace	Best	Best	Dependent on recovery option for main drive MTU	226
Restore	Possible	Possible		270
Reuse	Impractical	Impractical		

FIG. 14B

Scenario #1: REPLACE MTU engine		REPLACE <i>Kim Hotstart</i> w/ internal unit
Scenario #2: RESTORE MTU engine	REQUIRES	REPLACE <i>Kim Hotstart</i> w/ new unit
Scenario #3: RESTORE MTU engine		RESTORE <i>Kim Hotstart</i>

FIG. 14C

Paired Comparison Matrix						Determining Weights for Value Analysis	
Decision						Total	% (Weight)
Cost (A)	A vs. B						
		B vs. C					
Life Expectancy (B)			C vs. D				
				D vs. E			
Improved Performance (C)					E vs. F		
Operation Cost (Consumables) (D)							
Maintenance Cost (E)							
Additional Env. Performance (F)							
Total							100%

FIG. 15

Paired Comparison Matrix						Determining Weights for Value Analysis	
Decision						Total	% (Weight)
Cost (A)	B	C	A	A	A	3	20%
Life Expectancy (B)		B	B	B	B	5	33%
Improved Performance (C)			C	C	C	4	27%
Operation Cost (Consumables) (D)				D	D	2	13%
Maintenance Cost (E)					E	1	7%
Additional Env. Performance (F)						0	0%
Total						15	100%

FIG. 16

Replace Reman Option	% (Weight)	Ratings
Cost (A)	20%	4
Life Expectancy (B)	33%	4
Improved Performance (C)	27%	4
Operation Cost (Consumables) (D)	13%	3
Maintenance Cost (E)	7%	4
Additional Env. Performance (F)	0%	3

FIG. 17A

Restore Reman Option	% (Weight)	Ratings
Cost (A)	20%	3
Life Expectancy (B)	33%	4
Improved Performance (C)	27%	3
Operation Cost (Consumables) (D)	13%	3
Maintenance Cost (E)	7%	4
Additional Env. Performance (F)	0%	3

FIG. 17B

100040-8123860

FIG. 18A

Replace Reman Option	% (Weight)	Ratings	Score
Cost (A)	20%	4	0.80
Life Expectancy (B)	33%	4	1.33
Improved Performance (C)	27%	4	1.07
Operation Cost (Consumables) (D)	13%	3	0.40
Maintenance Cost (E)	7%	4	0.27
Additional Env. Performance (F)	0%	3	0.00

Total 3.87

FIG. 18A

Restore Reman Option	% (Weight)	Ratings	Score
Cost (A)	20%	3	0.60
Life Expectancy (B)	33%	4	1.33
Improved Performance (C)	27%	3	0.80
Operation Cost (Consumables) (D)	13%	3	0.40
Maintenance Cost (E)	7%	4	0.27
Additional Env. Performance (F)	0%	3	0.00

Total 3.40

FIG. 18B

FIG. 19

Paired Comparison Matrix							
Determining Weights for Value Analysis - Main MTU Engine/Kim Hotstart Scenario							
Decision						Total	% (Weight)
Cost ¹ (A)	B	C	A	A	A	3	20%
Life Expectancy(B)		B	B	B	B	5	33%
Improved Performance(C)			C	C	C	4	27%
Operation Cost (Consumables(D)				D	D	2	13%
Maintenance Cost(E)					E	1	7%
Additional Env. Performance(F)						0	0%
Total						15	100%

FIG. 19

Scenario #1	% (Weight)	Ratings	Score
Cost (A)	20%	3	0.60
Life Expectancy (B)	33%	5	1.67
Improved Performance (C)	27%	4	1.07
Operation Cost (Consumables) (D)	13%	4	0.53
Maintenance Cost (E)	7%	3	0.20
Additional Env. Performance (F)	0%	4	0.00

Total 4.07

FIG. 20A

Scenario #2	% (Weight)	Ratings	Score
Cost (A)	20%	4	0.80
Life Expectancy (B)	33%	4	1.33
Improved Performance (C)	27%	3	0.80
Operation Cost (Consumables) (D)	13%	3	0.40
Maintenance Cost (E)	7%	3	0.20
Additional Env. Performance (F)	0%	3	0.00

Total 3.53

FIG. 20B

Scenario #3	% (Weight)	Ratings	Score
Cost (A)	20%	4	0.80
Life Expectancy (B)	33%	4	1.33
Improved Performance (C)	27%	3	0.80
Operation Cost (Consumables) (D)	13%	3	0.40
Maintenance Cost (E)	7%	3	0.20
Additional Env. Performance (F)	0%	3	0.00

Total 3.53

FIG. 20C

FIG. 21

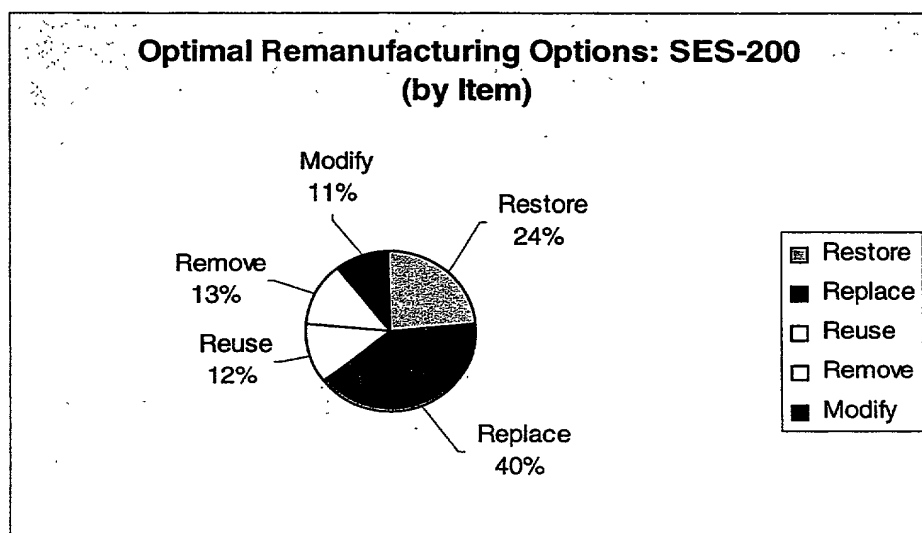


FIG. 21

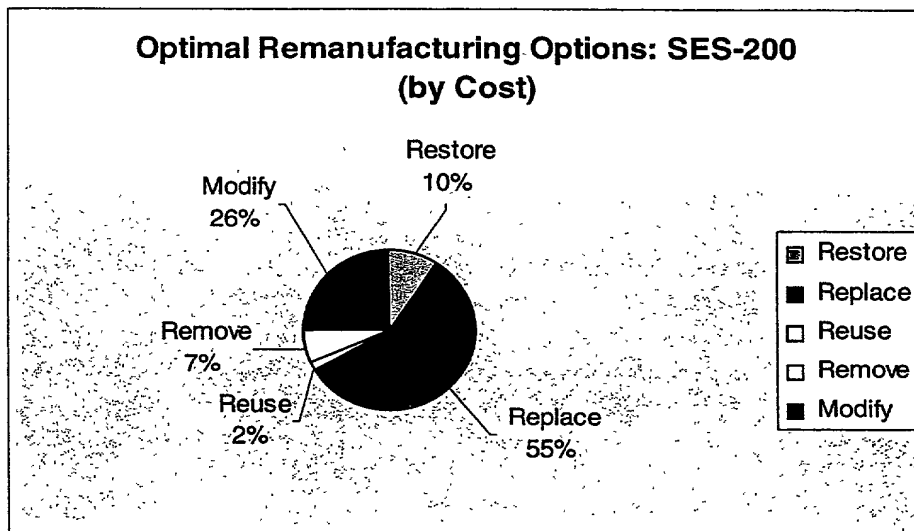


FIG. 22

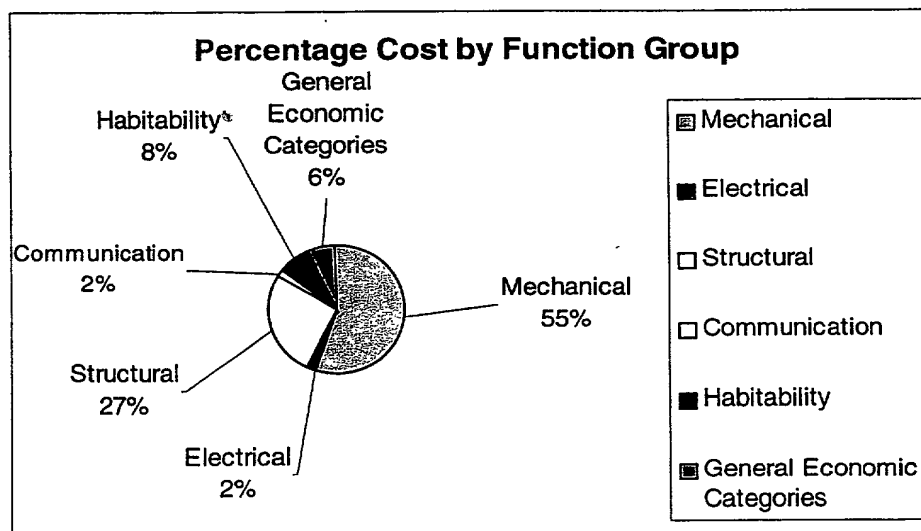


FIG. 23